$f\left(x\right) = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$

 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{5} + \frac{3}{5}$

 $f(x) = x^2 + 2$

 $(f \circ g) = 6x - 1$

 $f(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$

 $(f \circ f) = 2$

$$f(x) = -\frac{x^2}{4} + 1$$

$$\left(g\circ f\right) = \frac{4}{5}$$

f(x) = 5x - 3

 $f^{-1}(x) = x^2 - 1$

Find the composition if f(x) = 3x + 5

 $(f \circ f)(-2)$

 $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt{x-2}$

Find the composition if $f(x) = -x^2 + x + 1$ and $g(x) = -\frac{1}{5}x + 1$

$$(g \circ f)(1)$$

 $f^{-1}(x) = 2x - 2$

Find the composition if $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ and $g(x) = -x^2+3$

g(f(x))

 $f^{-1}(x) = \pm 2\sqrt{-(x-1)}$

Find the composition if f(x)=2x-5 and g(x)=3x+2

 $(f \circ g)(x)$

 $(f \circ g) = x^4 + 2x^2 + 2$

Find the composition if $f(x) = x^2 + 1$

f(f(x))

 $(g \circ f) = -x$